

# Roof Insulation

## High-performance roof insulation upgrades that improve the building envelope.

tech overview

applicable building types  
all buildings

implementation  
at time of roof replacement; mid-cycle; refinancing

fast facts

- improves acoustics
- improves building lifespan
- reduces heating and cooling loss
- enhances building performance

costs & benefits\*

GHG Savings



Tenant Experience Improvements



Utility Savings



Capital Costs



Maintenance Requirements



\*ratings are based on system end use, see back cover for details.



Destinee Sweeney/U.S. Air Force



## getting to know roof insulation

As part of the building envelope, roof insulation plays an important role in moderating indoor temperature. Upgrading roof insulation improves the lifespan of the building and lowers operating costs by reducing demand on the building's heating and cooling systems.

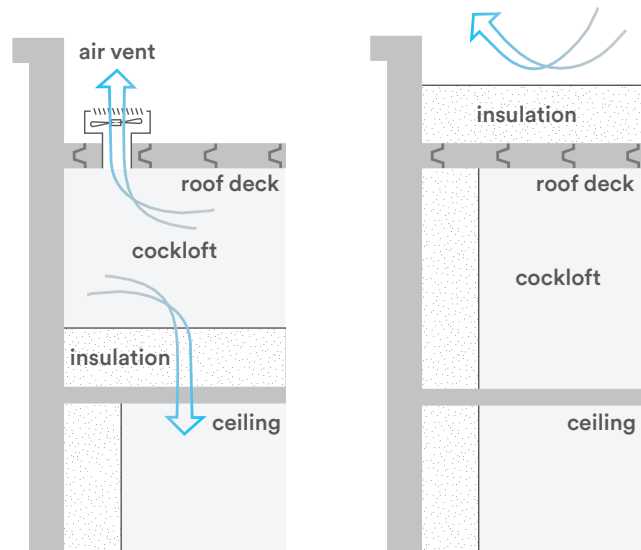
### why improve roof insulation?

All buildings must periodically repair or replace their roof as part of general building maintenance. This represents an opportunity to implement a high performance retrofit that, along with wall insulation upgrades, window upgrades, and airsealing, will improve the building envelope (the barrier between the inside and outside of a building), and in turn enhance heating and cooling systems and general building performance.

Existing buildings typically have roof insulation installed either above or below the roof deck. In buildings where insulation is located below the roof deck, blown-in fiberglass or cellulose insulation is located above the top floor ceiling, leaving the space from the ceiling to the roof deck (known as a cockloft) un-insulated (see Fig 1). In this scenario, air leaks, drafts, and moisture infiltration are common because it is too difficult to achieve sufficient to achieve. Heating and cooling systems work harder to compensate, while indoor air quality and comfort are compromised.

This tech primer focuses on high performance opportunities for buildings with insulation located below the roof deck, outlining a retrofit that improves occupant health and comfort, increases the building's life span, reduces heating and cooling costs, and saves energy by moving insulation above the roof deck (see Fig 2).

Fig 1. Before retrofit: A roof with insulation below the roof deck (at the top floor ceiling), relies on an insufficient barrier to prevent drafts, air and moisture infiltration, resulting in energy loss and high heating and cooling loads.



arrows represent movement of air, moisture, and heat.

#### Assess

Always consult a qualified service provider before undertaking any building upgrades.

#### Coordinate to Maximize Savings

Implementing a roof insulation upgrade in conjunction with installing a Solar PV system and/or a green roof ensures that requirements for both retrofits are successfully coordinated.

**Conducting these retrofits together saves time and reduces construction costs.**

#### Plan Ahead for Success

The best time to implement roof insulation upgrades is during mid-cycle, refinancing, or when the roof needs replacement.

**Insulation upgrades may be code mandated depending on specific circumstances.**

# how to upgrade roof insulation

Improving roof insulation in conjunction with window and wall insulation upgrades completes a whole building envelope retrofit that will greatly enhance building performance.

## retrofit solutions

A high-performance roof retrofit requires sealing existing roof vents and placing insulation above the deck. Correct installation of the vapor barrier is required so that water vapor does not condense within the assembly. There are multiple steps to completing a high-performance retrofit:

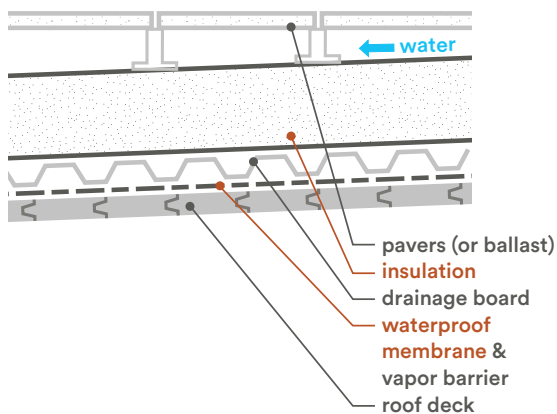
**A Eliminate Vents:** Roof vents are commonly found in older, low to mid-rise properties originally constructed without any insulation.

- Eliminate roof ventilation and insulate and seal the interior walls of the cockloft to create a proper air barrier (see Fig. 1 & 2, pg. 2).

**B Add Insulation Above the Roof Deck:** First, verify that space is available for new insulation. Roof access doorways and existing flashing and counter-flashing may need to be raised or modified to accommodate insulation thickness. Then, apply rigid insulation above the roof deck and either above (1) or below (2) the roof membrane:

1. If the existing roof deck slopes towards the drains, apply insulation above the roof membrane (see Fig. 3, below):

Fig 3. Roof construction assembly with insulation above roof membrane.

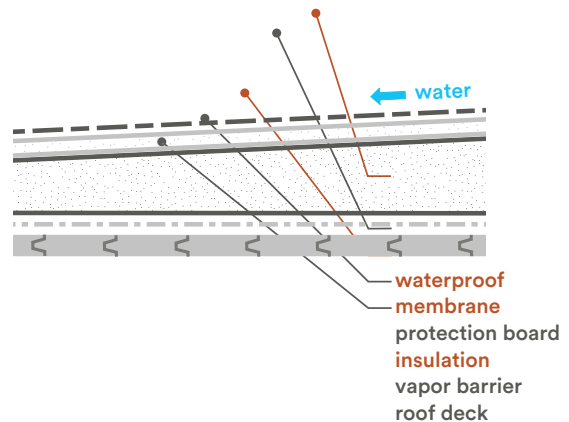


- Apply water-resistant insulation, such as extruded polystyrene, and install a drainage board below the insulation for water drainage.

- Secure insulation in place with ballasts or pavers. Some rigid insulation systems come with ballast attached.
- In some retrofit applications, the additional weight of ballast or pavers may be a concern. It is important to confirm the building structure can support additional weight before starting a retrofit.
- The waterproof membrane is protected by the insulation, increasing durability and life span.

2. If the existing roof deck does not slope towards the drains, apply insulation below the roof membrane (IRMA) (see Fig. 4, below):

Fig 4. Roof construction assembly with insulation below roof membrane, commonly referred to as an inverted roof membrane assembly (IRMA).



- Install a vapor barrier below the insulation.
- Slope the surface of the insulation towards drains using tapered insulation boards.
- Cover insulation with protection boards and apply roof membrane on top.
- Ensure the type of waterproof membrane selected is appropriate for exposed conditions.

**C Create a Cool Roof:** Apply a white or light-colored finish to the roof to reflect sunlight and absorb less heat, reducing the building's cooling demand on hot days.

# costs & benefits of roof insulation retrofits\*

## Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Savings



A roof insulation retrofit can reduce heating and cooling system energy loads and related GHG emissions.

## Tenant Experience Improvements



A roof insulation retrofit prevents the buildup of condensation that causes damage to the property and occupant health. Well insulated and sealed roofs improve the building envelope, increase indoor air quality by reducing air infiltration and drafts, and create a more comfortable indoor environment.

## Utility Savings



A small amount of utility savings can be achieved through the reduction of heating and cooling loads inherent in improving roof insulation.

## Capital Costs



Roof air sealing and insulation upgrades require significant capital investment and are best implemented at the time of roof replacement or major repairs.

## Maintenance Requirements



A low level of maintenance is required for an upgraded roof. Inspections to verify proper drainage and surface condition must be performed periodically. Follow manufacturer guidelines for repairs and maintenance.

*\*The Costs & Benefits rating system is based on a qualitative 1 to 4 scale where 1 (最低) is lowest and 4 (最高) is highest. Green correlates to savings and improvements, orange correlates to costs and requirements. Ratings are determined by industry experts and calculated relative to the system end use, not the whole building.*

Note: GHG & utility savings are highly dependent on existing equipment and fuel type. Assumes existing roof has standard insulation with poor air sealing.

## take action

This document is one of more than a dozen High Performance Technology Primers prepared by Building Energy Exchange and its partners to introduce decision-makers to solutions that can help them save energy and improve comfort in their buildings. Access the complete Tech Primer library: [be-exkc.org/techprimers](http://be-exkc.org/techprimers)

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